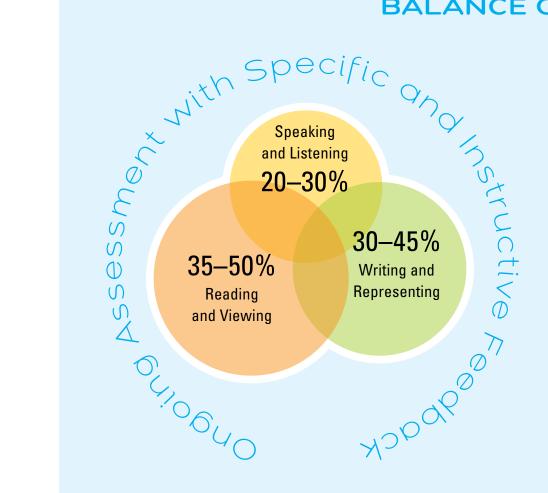
# PLANNING FOR BALANCED INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

## **BALANCE OF FOCUSED INSTRUCTION**



## Workshop as a Framework for Instruction

## Time to Teach



- **TEACHER / student** set direction, share focus
- identify outcomes and targets
- activate prior knowledge
- model and provide explicit instruction

### Time to **Practise and Develop**



20–30 minutes

## teacher / STUDENT

- provide opportunity for practice
- monitor student learning mentor and instruct as needed
- engage in ongoing assessment
- provide descriptive and instructive

## Time to **Share and Reflect**



10–15 minutes

#### **TEACHER / STUDENT**

- provide opportunity for sharing
- engage in ongoing instruction
- provide descriptive and instructive feedback

### GRADUAL RELEASE OF RESPONSIBILITY



MODEL

**MENTOR** 



You do . . . I watcl

**MONITOR** (Independent)

(Modelled)

(Shared and Guided)

## **Providing Instruction ...** not instructions.

#### **SPEAKING AND LISTENING** 20-30%

Oral/Aural Communication

Explicit Units of Study Explicit instruction is required in	xplicit units of Study  xplicit instruction is required in each of the following categories.						
Focus	Suggested #	Examples					
Formal speaking	1 per year	<ul> <li>panel discussion</li> <li>speeches</li> <li>demonstrations</li> <li>formal presentation</li> <li>debate</li> <li>surveys</li> <li>interviews</li> </ul>					
Informal speaking	6 per year	<ul><li>focused discussion</li><li>open discussion</li></ul>					
Performance	1 per year	<ul><li>Readers Theatre</li><li>drama</li><li>choral speaking</li><li>monologues</li><li>improvisation</li></ul>					

			<ul><li> choral speaking</li><li> monologues</li><li> improvisation</li></ul>	
	earning Experiences ng and listening experiences oughout the year.		above, students wi	
<ul> <li>active listening</li> <li>contribute to a discussion</li> <li>ask questions</li> <li>answer questions</li> <li>ask for clarification</li> <li>provide feedback</li> <li>agree to disagree</li> <li>evaluate the speaker</li> <li>adjust speaking to context</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>summarize</li> <li>consider other opinions</li> <li>detect bias</li> <li>organize thoughts</li> </ul>	<ul><li>bo</li><li>cho</li><li>thi</li><li>fisl</li><li>pe</li><li>fol</li><li>ins</li></ul>	thor's chair ok talk oral montage nk, pair, share hbowl er conference d the line side/outside circle ur corners	<ul> <li>literature circles</li> <li>Socratic circles</li> <li>Readers Theatre</li> <li>role-play</li> <li>talking sticks</li> <li>timed discussion</li> <li>general discussion</li> <li>Save the Last Word</li> <li>radio show</li> <li>show and share</li> </ul>

## 35-50%

## **READING AND VIEWING**

Understanding, Comprehension, Meaning

#### **Explicit Units of Study** Explicit instruction is required in each of the following categories. Focus Suggested # Examples • elements of narrative (short story, novel, biography, etc.) Narrative 2 per year structure of a narrative literary devices Expository 2 per year text patterns Informative text features Persuasive navigating text Poetry 1 per year analysis and appreciation poetic devices Visual 1 per year deconstructing visuals Multimedia deconstructing media text

#### **Sample Ongoing Learning Experiences**

In addition to the reading and viewing experiences listed above, students will also be engaged in other

ongoing experiences throughout the year.								
Comprehension/Fix-up S	trategies	Suggested Learning A	Activities					
<ul> <li>predicting</li> <li>connecting</li> <li>questioning</li> <li>inferring</li> <li>visualizing</li> <li>determining importance</li> <li>analyzing</li> <li>synthesizing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>summarizing</li> <li>reflecting</li> <li>clarifying</li> <li>adjusting</li> <li>self-monitoring</li> <li>word solving</li> <li>self-correcting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>author's chair</li> <li>anticipation guide</li> <li>book talk</li> <li>think, pair, share</li> <li>fishbowl</li> <li>peer conference</li> <li>read-aloud</li> <li>flag text</li> <li>independent read</li> <li>graphic organizers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>literature circles</li> <li>Socratic circles</li> <li>role-play</li> <li>discussion</li> <li>reciprocal read</li> <li>think-aloud</li> <li>bookmarks</li> <li>exit slips</li> <li>double-entry diary</li> <li>skimming</li> </ul>					

## APPROACHES TO INSTRUCTION

Planning and instruction includes a balance of the following approaches. Elements of workshop are essential in each approach. This includes regular opportunities for Modelling, Mentoring, and Monitoring.

Approach	Units	Description	Examples
Genre Study	Max. 3 per year	Students explore a <b>specific genre</b> in depth. Multiple texts from this genre are presented and analyzed for their characteristics. This information is discussed and used as a model to create new texts of this genre.	<ul><li>Poetry</li><li>Memoir</li><li>Film and video</li><li>Short story</li><li>Newspapers or magazines</li><li>Mythology</li></ul>
Multigenre Inquiry	Min. 3 per year	Students investigate an <b>issue, theme, or question</b> using a variety of texts from many different genres and sources. These units may be specific to English language arts or they may be cross-curricular.	<ul> <li>How is culture shared?</li> <li>What makes a good relationship?</li> <li>How do authors reveal character?</li> <li>What is our individual responsibility in protecting the environment?</li> <li>How does war impact human rights?</li> </ul>
Author Study	Max. 1 per year  Students do an in-depth study of a collection of texts created by <b>one author</b> . The emphasis is on understanding the texts, examining the author's crafand identifying larger issues addressed by the texts.		<ul><li>Langston Hughes</li><li>Budge Wilson</li><li>Leonard Cohen</li><li>Rita Joe</li><li>Chris Van Allsburg</li></ul>
Major Text Study	Max. 1 per year	Students do an in-depth study of <b>one major text</b> . The emphasis is on understanding the text, examining author's craft, and identifying larger issues addressed by the text.	<ul><li>Script/play</li><li>Film</li><li>Novel</li><li>Performance</li></ul>

See *leaching in Action 7–9* and Authorized Learning Resources for specific titles.

## 30-45%

## WRITING AND REPRESENTING

Written/Visual Communication

## **Explicit Units of Study**

Explicit instruction is required in each of the following categories

		•			
	Focus	Suggested #	Examples		
	Narrative: fiction	1 per year	• stories (mystery, realistic fiction, historical fiction, fantasy, horror, science fiction, adventure)		
	Narrative: 1 per year non-fiction  Expository Informative		<ul><li>personal narrative, memoir, biography, autobiography</li><li>blog, journal</li></ul>		
			<ul> <li>essay/report (information, compare/contrast, cause/effect, problem/solution, procedural)</li> <li>display/presentation/performance</li> </ul>		
	Persuasive	1 per year	<ul><li>essay, letter, editorial</li><li>media ad, cartoon</li><li>documentary, lyrics</li></ul>		
	Poetry	1 per year	free verse     structured poetry		
	Visual Multimedia	1 per year	<ul> <li>web page, multimedia presentation</li> <li>collage, photo essay</li> <li>model</li> <li>script, drama</li> </ul>		

### **Sample Ongoing Learning Experiences**

In addition to the writing and representing experiences listed above, students will also be engaged in other ongoing experiences throughout the year.

Traits of Writing Suggested Learning Activities								
<ul><li>ideas</li><li>organization</li><li>voice</li><li>sentence fluency</li><li>word choice</li><li>conventions</li></ul>	<ul> <li>article</li> <li>blog</li> <li>cartoon</li> <li>chart/graph/map</li> <li>collage</li> <li>drama</li> <li>freewrite/quick write</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>graphic organizers</li> <li>illustration/visual</li> <li>learning log</li> <li>letter/email</li> <li>model</li> <li>notes</li> <li>performance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>picture book</li> <li>podcast</li> <li>poetry</li> <li>poster</li> <li>Readers Theatre</li> <li>response</li> <li>retelling</li> </ul>	<ul><li>script</li><li>song/music</li><li>story</li><li>summary</li><li>tableau</li><li>web page</li></ul>				

# GRADE 9 ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS OUTCOMES: PLANNING CHART



Students will be expected to ...

SPEAKING AND LISTENING

20-30%

	0	<b>CO 1</b> : use oral language to lea	rn	GCO 2: communicate using clear oral communication			nmunication
1.1 reinforce or develop new understanding from what others share during a discussion	1.2 ask questions for clarification, elaboration, to qualify, or question relevance, accuracy, and validity	1.3 thoughtfully answer questions asked by others in order to clarify or give more information	1.4 explain and advocate point of view and support it with evidence from various sources	1.5 listen critically and determine the effectiveness of the speaker based on the accuracy and appropriateness of the information he or she presents	2.1 contribute to small-group and whole- class discussions using a variety of strategies for effective talk	2.2 use appropriate vocabulary, sentence structure, speed of talking, and tone for different audiences and purposes	2.3 give instructions and follow instructions
GCO 2: communi	cate using clear oral communic	ation (continued)	GCO 3: interact with sensitivity and respect				
2.4 respond to questions and follow directions of increasing complexity  2.5 evaluate the effectiveness of their own and others' spoken language in a variety of situations, recognizing the effects of significant verbal and non-verbal language (repetition, eye contact, and volume)		3.1 demonstrate active listening (eye contact, rephrasing, clarifying, extending, refining, summarizing)	3.2 show respect and sensitivity toward others and their differences when giving personal opinions	3.3 recognize that our values, attitudes, biases, beliefs, and prejudices are reflected in our spoken language	3.4 demonstrate an awareness of the power of spoken language to influence and manipulate, to reveal ideas, values, and attitudes	3.5 know that different situations and cultures require different conventions and use language appropriate to the situation	

## **READING AND VIEWING**

35-50%

	GCO 4: read widely and with understanding							GCO 5: conduct research	
4.1 select texts that meet needs and interests	4.2 read a variety of texts including fiction and literature, non-fiction, and media texts from different provinces and countries	4.3 explain how authors use text features to create meaning and achieve different purposes	4.4 use text features to construct meaning and understand the text	4.5 read complex text with fluency, confidence, and comprehension as a result of their understanding and use of cueing systems	4.6 independently use a range of reading strategies (predicting, connecting, questioning, inferring) to make meaning from complex print and media texts	4.7 consistently identify and discuss the kinds of strategies good readers and viewers use	4.8 reflect on own reading and viewing strategies and make necessary adjustments	5.1 identify relevant or interesting topics or questions for further study	5.2 recognize the need for additional information to meet learning needs
GCO 5: conduct re	esearch (continued)	GCO 6: respo	ond personally	GCO 7: read critically					
5.3 independently locate information from a variety of print and non-print sources with speed, accuracy, and confidence	5.4 refine approaches and strategies for conducting research	6.1 go beyond initial response to give more thoughtful interpretations by questioning, connecting, evaluating, and extending	6.2 support personal response to the issues, themes, and situations in texts and give personal examples and evidence from text with increasing sophistication	7.1 evaluate print and media texts for bias	7.2 evaluate the relevance and reliability of the content presented	7.3 recognize increasingly complex tools authors use in their writing to achieve their purpose (organization of info, word choice, use of time, imagery)	7.4 evaluate the impact that text form, content, and structure have on meaning	7.5 understand that values and personal experiences influence understanding and critical response	7.6 evaluate the portrayal of culture and reality as portrayed in media text

## WRITING AND REPRESENTING

30-40%

	GCO 8:	use many kinds of writing to think a	and learn	GCO 9: create a variety of texts		
8.1 use a range of strategies as a language learner	8.2 write for a variety of reasons	8.3 reflect on the writing strategies that help them learn and describe their personal growth as language learners	8.4 use various forms of note-making for different purposes and situations	8.5 integrate interesting effects in their writing (feelings and thoughts, detail, correct inconsistency, avoid extraneous detail, language choice, vocabulary, and phrasing)	9.1 continue to use a variety of forms as well as other art forms such as visual arts, music, and drama	9.2 consider and craft writing (content, word choice, style, tone, form, structure, organization) to suit the audience and purpose
GCO 9: create a varie	ety of texts (continued)		GCO 10: produce	ner representations		
9.3 understand that ideas can be represented in more than one way and experiment with many forms	9.4 analyze and assess feedback about writing and apply it to future drafts	10.1 choose and apply the appropriate prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, proofreading, and presentation strategies when creating texts	10.2 consistently use the conventions of written language in final products	10.3 use various technologies for the purpose of communicating (video, email, word processing, audiotape, Internet)	10.4 demonstrate a commitment to crafting writing and other representations	10.5 collect and combine information from several sources (interview, film, CD, text)